Effectiveness of Evaluation Practices in Supporting Regional Development Planning



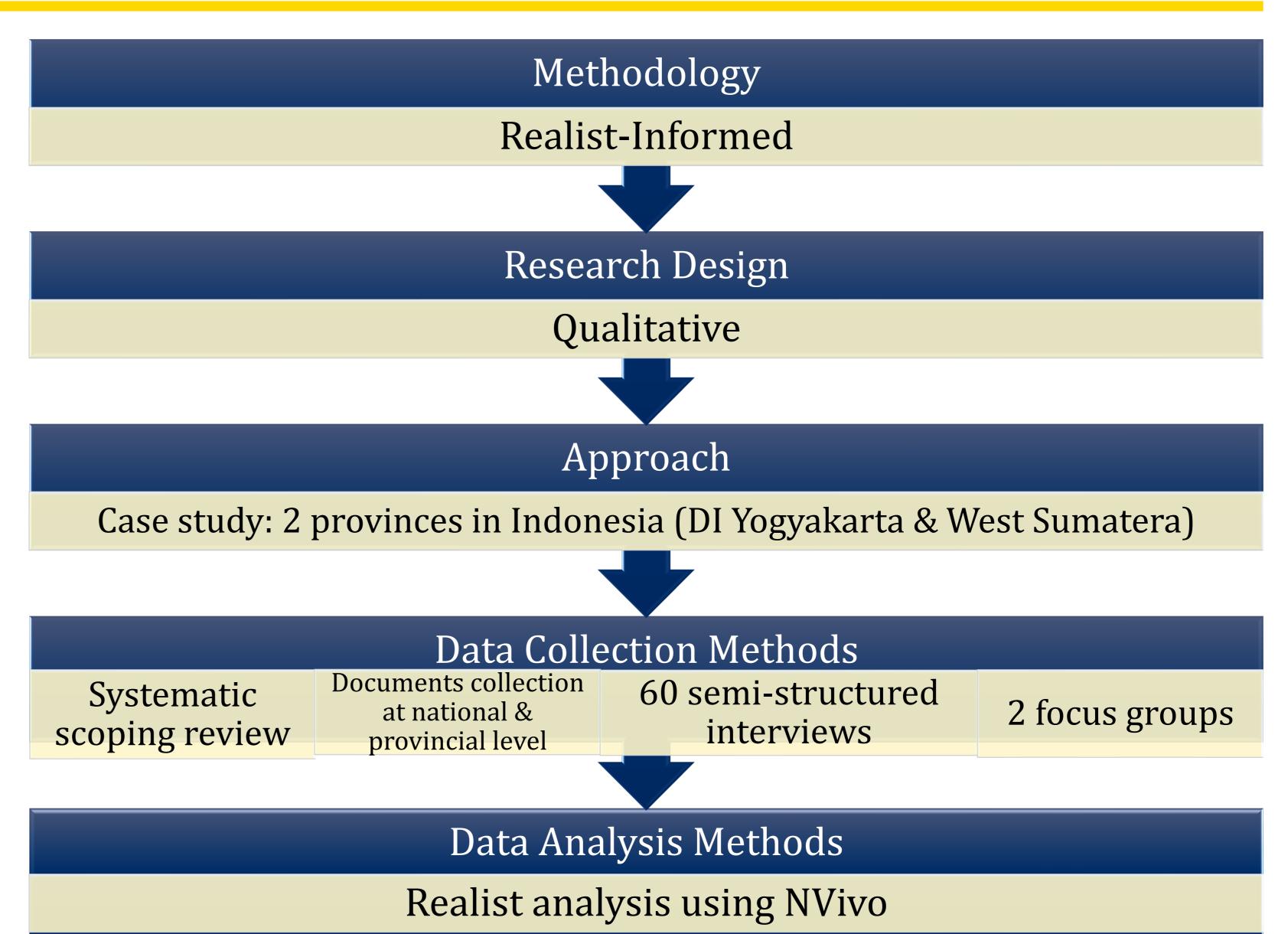
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Background

- Evaluations have key roles as research-based evidence in supporting regional development planning processes: accountability role and learning/improvement role
- Hardly any studies discuss and examine the effectiveness of evaluation practice in supporting regional development planning, and no definitions of effective evaluation practice \rightarrow major gap in literature! (confirmed by Systematic Scoping Review)

Indonesian Context

- Centralised to decentralised government and regional autonomy -> greater transparency and accountability are needed
- Monitoring & Evaluation is an integral part of the planning cycle of the Indonesian Government (Law No. 25/2004)
- Issue: limited utilisation of evaluations in planning \rightarrow An indication of ineffective evaluation practices? If yes, how to improve the effectiveness?



Emerging Findings (Original Contributions to the Literature) and Recommendations

1. Definition and framework for effective evaluation practice

Evaluation practice can be perceived as effective when implementing the principles governing evaluation process, achieving the set objectives, delivering the outcomes at minimum resources, and achieving the normative goals of evaluation practice. In other words, the one that meets all of the criteria in the procedural, substantive, transactive, and normative effectiveness dimensions.

Procedural effectiveness. Criteria: a. Relevant procedures,

- b. Integration of evaluation into the planning
- process, c. Involvement of stakeholders in the process,
- d. Delivery of results to relevant stakeholders, e. Objectivity, clarity and understandability of evaluation results.

Substantive effectiveness. Criteria:

a. Support accountability, b. Support informed decisionmaking.

relevant institutions.

Normative effectiveness. Criteria: Transactive effectiveness. Criteria: a. Improvement of the plan or policy, a. Resource management, b. Development or changes in b. Specification of roles.

2. Intervention theory (Context-Mechanism-Outcome Configuration) for generating effective evaluation practice

Contexts

- Harmonious legal framework
- Political mandate /
- decentralised governance
- Compliance culture
- Integrated reporting
- systems Sufficient capability of
- practitioners • Sufficient quantity of
- practitioners Continuous support from
- academics • Harmonious timeline between planning and
- evaluation Adequate networks of

evaluation unit

- Adequate support from senior management
- Strong evaluation culture • Stable positions
- Stable institutions
- Sufficient financial
- resources
- Sufficient references • Adequate IT system
- support for evaluations • Sufficient political will/initiatives
- Good evaluability of plans
- Highly articulated roles and responsibilities for evaluation

Necessary

- **Mechanisms**
- Commitment • Top-down pressure
- Compliance
- Understanding
- Awareness
- Inclusiveness
- Consensus
- Confidence
- Disincentive
- Incentive
- Self-determination
- Synergy with experts
- Appreciation Political will
 - generate

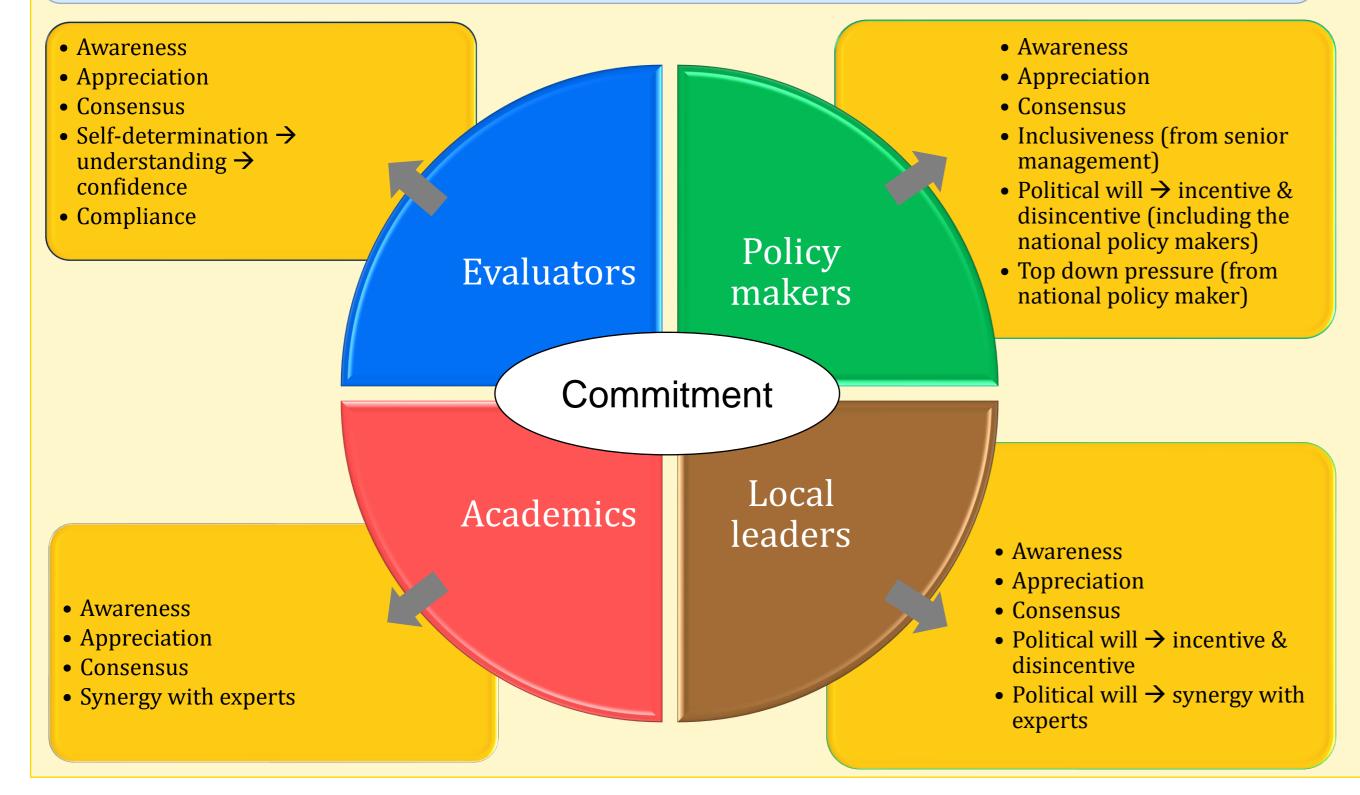
Outcome

Evaluation practices are effective in supporting regional development planning

trigger

Notes: this is a comprehensive CMOC. More specific and more detailed CMOCs for each dimension of effectiveness are provided in the research thesis.

3. Commitment as the underpinning mechanism



Recommendations

- The **definition**, **effectiveness framework**, and **intervention theory** formulated in this study are the first ones to be developed in investigating effectiveness of evaluation practice comprehensively. Therefore, this study is offering a starting point to stimulate further debate on effectiveness of evaluation practice and invite others to test and develop them further.
- To design an effective evaluation practice, the underlying mechanisms should be identified and understood; and the specific elements of context that are conducive for the necessary mechanisms to operate **should be defined and created**.
- To fully understand and to improve the effectiveness of evaluation practice in the field of regional development planning, multi-disciplines references (including from psychology and sociology) are needed.
- Significant changes in relevant elements of context which trigger the necessary mechanisms (especially commitment) are required to optimise the role of the evaluation practices in supporting regional development planning at the provincial level in Indonesia.



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